

1. a. For a cantilever: $k = \frac{Ewt^3}{4L^3} = \frac{(170 \times 10^9)(10 \times 10^{-6})(20 \times 10^{-6})^3}{4(500 \times 10^{-6})^3} = 27.2 \text{ N/m}$

$$k = 27.2 \text{ N/m}$$

b. \forall of the proof mass: $\forall = (20 \times 10^{-6})(1000 \times 10^{-6})(1000 \times 10^{-6}) = 2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3$

$$\forall = 2 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3$$

c. $m = \delta \forall$

$$\delta = (2.35 \text{ g/cm}^3) \left(\frac{1 \text{ Kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} \right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ cm}}{\text{m}} \right)^3 = 2350 \text{ Kg/m}^3$$

$$m = \delta \forall = 2350(2 \times 10^{-11}) = 4.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ Kg} = 4.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g}$$

$$m = 4.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ g}$$

d. $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \rightarrow f_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{27.2}{4.7 \times 10^{-8}}} = 3828.7 \text{ Hz}$

$$f_n = 3828.7 \text{ Hz}$$

e. $F_I = ma$, $F_k = kd$

$$F_I = F_k \Rightarrow ma = kd$$

$$d = \frac{ma}{k} = \frac{(4.7 \times 10^{-8})(500)(9.8)}{27.2} = 8.47 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} = 8.47 \mu\text{m}$$

$$d = 8.47 \mu\text{m}$$

2. $k \approx \frac{N_{leg}}{N_{zig}} \frac{Ewt^3}{L^3} = \frac{4}{1} \frac{Ewt^3}{L^3}$

$$k \approx \frac{4Ewt^3}{L^3}$$